# 2017 Mayor's Summit

The State of Solid Waste Management





### In the Beginning:

### **AB 939 – The Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989**

- ► Integrated Waste Management Board
- ▶ Development of a Source Reduction Recycling Element (SRRE)
- ▶ 25% landfill division rate by 1995
  - Reduce/Re-Use/Recycle
- ▶ 50% landfill division rate by 2000



# AB 32 - California Global Warming Solution Act of 2006

### Reduction of Green House Gas Emissions:

- ► Landfill Methane Control Measures
- ► Increasing Landfill Methane Capture
- ► High Recycling/Zero Waste
  - AB 341 Mandatory Commercial Recycling
  - AB 1826 Mandatory Commercial Organics Recycling
  - AB 1594 Alternative Daily Cover Eliminated
  - **SB 1383** Short-Lived Climate Pollutants



# **Governor's Key Climate Change Strategy**

#### **CALIFORNIA CLIMATE STRATEGY**

An Integrated Plan for Addressing Climate Change



#### VISION

**Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions** to 40% Below 1990 Levels by 2030

GOALS

50% reduction in petroleum use in vehicles



50% renewable electricity



Double energy efficiency savings at existing buildings

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Carbon sequestration in the land base



Reduce short-lived climate pollutants

Safeguard California





# 75% Recycling is the next evolution in California's permanent campaign of sustainability

- ► AB 341 Mandatory Commercial Recycling (75%)
- ► AB 1826 Mandatory Organics Recycling (75%)
  - Targets Commercial Sector & Multi-Family
- ► AB 1594 Alternative Daily Cover Eliminated (100%)
- ➤ SB 1383 Short-Lived Climate Pollutants (Entire Waste Stream)
  - 50% Reduction of Organics disposal by 2020
  - 75% Reduction of Organics disposal by 2025



### **AB 1826 – Implementation Schedule**

- ▶ January 1, 2016 All jurisdictions shall have an organic waste recycling program in place
- ► April 1, 2016 8 cubic yards or more of organic waste per week
- ▶ January 1, 2017 4 cubic yards or more of organics per week
- ▶ January 1, 2019 4 cubic yards or more of solid waste per week
- ► Summer/Fall 2021 If CalRecycle determines that statewide diversion of 50% by 2020 is not met Expand to 2 cubic yards

### AB 1594 – Green Waste Used as ADC

- ▶ 2017 Jurisdictions will include information of plans to address these new diversion requirements.
- ▶ 2020 Alternative Daily Cover (ADC) will no longer count as diversion (2014 ~ 3.4 million tons)

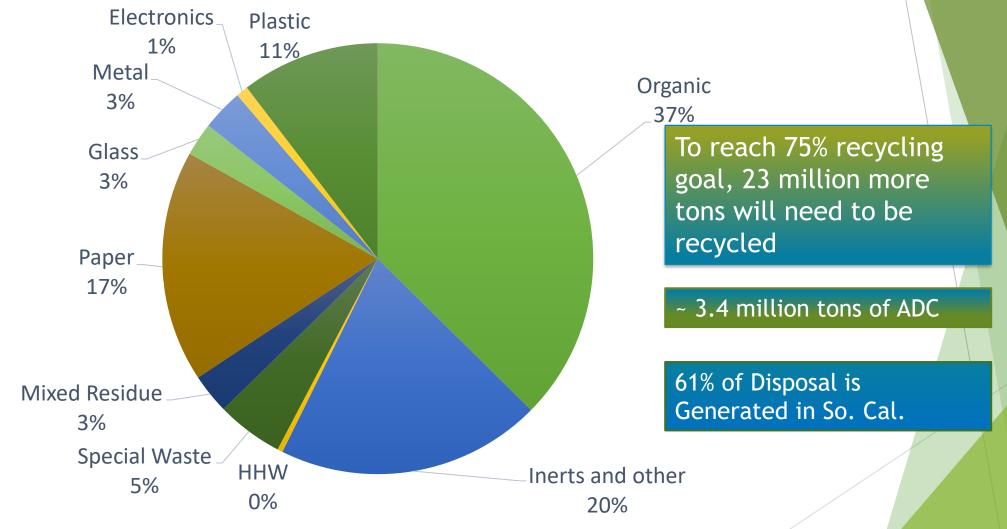
### SB 1383 - Organics Recycling

# (Methane emissions resulting from the decomposition of organic waste in landfills)

- ▶ 50% reduction of Organics disposal by 2020 2014 Levels
- > 75% reduction of Organics disposal by 2025 2014 Levels
  - 2017-2019 Rulemaking
  - January 2022 Compliance with Regulations (Enforceable date)
  - January 2024 Reg's may require jurisdictions impose penalties for non-compliance
  - January 2025 75% reduction & 20% of currently disposed edible food waste must be recovered for human consumption. (Food Rescue)



### California's Disposed Waste Stream





### Organic Infrastructure Investments

- ► CalRecycle estimates costs of mixed (Compost & In-Vessel) infrastructure ~ \$2-3 billion estimate does not include:
  - Transfer Rates to facilities
  - Operational Costs
  - Land
- ▶ 100's of new and/or expanded facilities
- ▶ Organic processing rates expected to range from \$75 -\$120 per ton (LACSD's current program \$85.00)

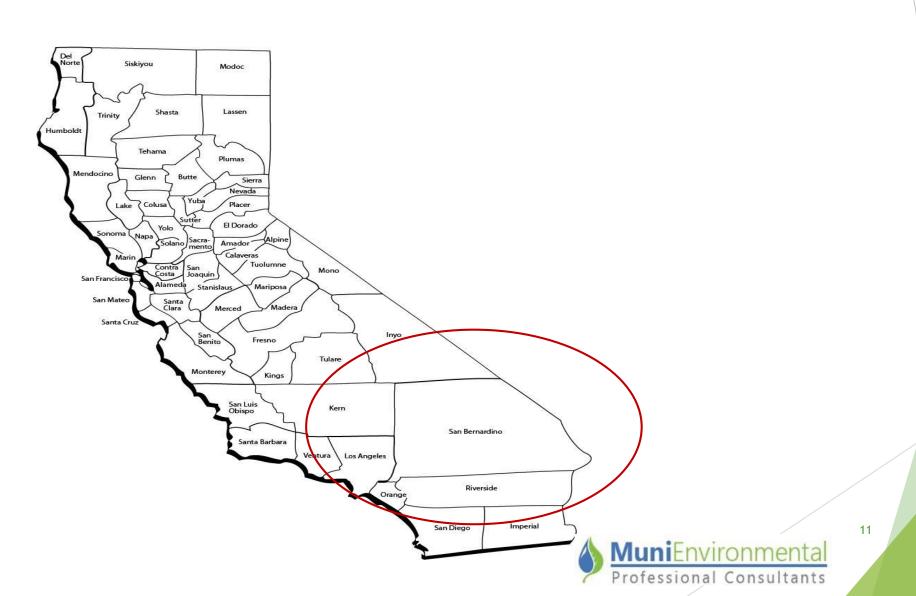


### **Statewide Composting Infrastructure**

- ► Approximately 160 compost facilities
  - ▶ 5.8 million TPY
- ► Approximately 150 "chip and grind" facilities
  - ► Green waste and construction demolition debris
- ▶ Not evenly distributed throughout the state
- Growth has plateaued
- Some unused capacity



# **Facility and Capacity Review Focus Areas**



# **Identified Organic Facilities per County**

|                              | Facilities per County |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Los Angeles                  | 28                    |
| Orange                       | 8                     |
| Riverside                    | 18                    |
| San Bernardino               | 26                    |
| Ventura                      | 9                     |
| Santa Barbara                | 2                     |
| Kings                        | 3                     |
| Kern                         | 8                     |
| Tulare                       | 7                     |
| Wastewater Treatments Plants | 15                    |
| Total                        | 124                   |



# **Confirmed Available Capacity (Tons/Year)**

|                              | Available Capacity |
|------------------------------|--------------------|
|                              | (Tons/Year)        |
| Los Angeles                  | 63,055             |
| Orange                       | Unknown            |
| Riverside                    | 212,280            |
| San Bernardino               | 126,200            |
| Ventura                      | 17,100             |
| Santa Barbara                | 547,500            |
| Kings                        | 200,000            |
| Kern                         | 975,000            |
| Tulare                       | 10,400             |
| Wastewater Treatments Plants | 182,500            |
| Total                        | 2,334,035          |



# **Infrastructure and Capacity Planning**

#### **CalRecycle Concepts Identified:**

- ► Expand AB 876 (McCarty) organics recycling capacity planning requirements: include plans from jurisdictions if they have less than 15 years capacity
- ▶ Planning for edible food recovery capacity and programs
- ► Consult with environmental justice community for facility permitting
- Account for organics disposal reductions in landfill financial assurance planning



### **MuniEnvironmental Recommendations:**

- Review current hauling agreements and Maintain your flowcontrol rights
- Develop short/medium/long-term implementation goals
- Work with other municipalities/Agencies in developing regional solutions
  - Identify Potential Host Communities
  - Pool resources and expertise, Don't reinvent the wheel
- Avoid signing long-term agreements that may only target a portion of the waste stream
- Make sure the direction of your programs are sustainable and create a pathway for the long-term





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